

## Proximal Hamstring Re-attachment Rehabilitation Guideline

This rehabilitation program is designed to return the individual to their activities as quickly and safely as possible. It is designed for rehabilitation following proximal hamstring re-attachment surgery. Modifications to this guideline may be necessary dependent on physician specific instruction, location of repair, concomitant injuries or procedures performed. This evidence-based proximal hamstring re-attachment is criterion-based; time frames and visits in each phase will vary depending on many factors- including patient demographics, goals, and individual progress. This guideline is designed to progress the individual through rehabilitation to full sport/ activity participation. The therapist may modify the program appropriately depending on the individual's goals for activity following proximal hamstring re-attachment.

This guideline is intended to provide the treating clinician a frame of reference for rehabilitation. It is not intended to substitute clinical judgment regarding the patient's post-operative care based on exam/treatment findings, individual progress, and/or the presence of concomitant procedures or post-operative complications. If the clinician should have questions regarding post-operative progression, they should contact the referring physician.

## **General Guidelines/ Precautions:**

- Axillary crutches with Toe touch weight bearing for 4-6 weeks
- Avoid unsafe surfaces or environments
- Avoid hip flexion coupled with knee extension
- ROM restrictive hip/knee braces maybe be used based on physician preference
- Utilize appropriate clinical judgment with progressions (timing of progressions may differ slightly based on location/technique of repair and surgeon's preference)
- Expected return to sport at 6 months with:
  - Normal gait and running mechanics
  - >80% hamstring and quad strength vs. non-injured extremity with isokinetic testing
  - No symptoms with sport specific dynamic activities

Updated 11/10/2016

## Proximal Hamstring Re-attachment Rehabilitation Guideline (28weeks)

Phase Suggested Interventions Goals/ Milestones for Progression

Phase I	Discuss: Anatomy, existing pathology, post-op rehab schedule, bracing, and	Goals of Phase:
Patient Education Phase	expected progressions	Prevention of post-operative complications
	Immediate Post-Operative instructions: - Gait training/ assisted device/ brace fitting - Avoid coupled hip flexion with knee extension - Toe touch weight bearing w/axillary crutches for up to 6 weeks - Teach patient how to safely transfer with brace on: (supine to sit, sit to stand)	
	· ·	Goals of Phase:
Phase II	<ul><li>Weight Bearing:</li><li>- Utilize Axillary Crutches</li><li>- Toe Touch Weight bearing</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Provide environment of proper healing of repair site</li> <li>Restore ROM within restricted ranges</li> </ol>
Max Protection Phase	Brace: - Wear brace at all times unless otherwise directed by surgeon	3. Prevent muscle inhibition
Weeks 0-4	<ul><li>Precautions:</li><li>No Hamstring stretching/long sitting position</li></ul>	Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:
Expected visits: 2-5	<ul> <li>Avoid coupled hip flexion with knee extension</li> <li>Suggested Treatments:</li> <li>ROM: hip, knee, ankle PROM to patient tolerance (hip 0-90°)</li> <li>Manual Therapy: soft tissue &amp; patellar mobilization,</li> <li>Modalities as indicated: Edema controlling treatments, NMES</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Resolution of post-operative swelling/ecchymosis</li> <li>Pain well controlled</li> </ol>
	Exercise Examples: -Quad sets (sidelying), ankle ABC's, Core stabilization, passive knee ROM, glute squeezes, passive calf stretching with no hip flexion	
Phase III	<ul> <li>Weight Bearing:</li> <li>Begin weight bearing progression (50%) per patient tolerance</li> <li>Begin to wean from axillary crutches at 5-6 weeks</li> </ul>	Goals of Phase:  1. Improve ADL's (stand, stairs, walking, etc.)  2. Improve ROM
Protection Phase	<i>Brace:</i> - Continue to wear brace at all times up to 6 weeks unless	3. Progress weight bearing
Weeks 4-6	otherwise directed by surgeon to discontinue Precautions:	Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:  1. Full weight bearing pain free
Expected visits: 6-10	<ul> <li>No Hamstring stretching/long sitting position</li> <li>Avoid coupled hip flexion with knee extension</li> </ul>	2. Level ground ambulation with minimal faults by week 6

		Suggested Interventions			Goals/ Milestones for Progression
Phase IV  Motion and Muscle Activation Phase  Weeks 6-12  Expected visits: 11-20	Manual Therapy: s Modalities as indicate  Exercise Examples: ( - Gentle LE AI hip abd/add  Other Activities: - Initiate aquate AROM avoid Weight Bearing: - Progress to Brace: - Discontinue Precautions: - No running Suggested Treatment ROM: gentle progrange Strengthening: beginitially (isometric, ecception Equipment use: state when gait mechanics  Exercise Examples: (6-8weeks: submax leg balance/proprioce extension, step ups, s	OM, begin gentle AROM of hip are oft tissue, patellar, scar mobilizated: NMES if showing quad inhibit (Continue with phase II exercises) (no hamstring continue, hip abduction isometrics, clambtic exercises if available (fwd/ring terminal stretching, partial full weight bearing without use use of brace or high impact activities into the essive static stretching, gradually in with mid-range, avoid lengthe tentric, concentric) tionary bike, elliptical, stair mast	tions bition  ses) ontraction), sidelying nshells, retro ambulation, LE WB mini-squats) of assistive device  y working towards end ned hamstring position fer, treadmill walking ses) ics, heel raises, single terminal knee	<ol> <li>Norm</li> <li>Impro</li> <li>SLR PI</li> </ol> Criteria to <ol> <li>Pain fre</li> <li>Full hip,</li> </ol>	re full ROM & pain free functional movements al gait mechanics ove muscular strength and endurance
Phase V  Advanced movement and Impact Phase  Weeks 12-16	- Soreness sho Suggested Treatment - Progress FW - Progress str	ng strength training ould resolve within 24 hours outs: 'B double to single leg plyometr engthening & core stability, be string exercises		2. Impro 3. Impro	Phase: al pain-free ADL's oved hamstring/quad strength oved single leg proprioception (85% or greater on for and posterior lateral reach of Y Balance test)

Expected visits: 21-30	Exercise Examples: (Continue with phase IV exercises) -Progressive height hop downs, lunge matrix, slide board, BOSU, etc.	Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:  1. Met all previous phase goals 2. No evidence of dynamic instability with hop downs	
	Other Activities: - aquatic or alter-G progressive jogging in partial weight bearing environment	3. Cleared by surgeon	
Phase VI	Specific Instructions:	Suggested Criteria for Discharge:	
	-Initiation of dry land jogging at 16 weeks progressing to running to	1. <20% hamstring and quad deficit compared to	
Return to Sport Phase	improve/normalize form and shock absorption (as cleared by MD)	contralateral side with isokinetic testing	
	-Progression to higher level activities and sports specific activities as	2. 45/50 on Biomechanical functional assessment tests (if	
Weeks 16-28	strength and control dictate (as cleared by MD)	performed)	
Expected Visits: 30-36	Exercise Examples:	3. No pain or complaints of instability with functional	
	-Initiate deceleration	progression of sport specific skills	
	-Initiate cutting activities	4. 2:3 hamstring to quadriceps ratio with isokinetic testing	
	-Initiate agility (floor ladder and cone drills) and sport specific activities		

**Suggested Interventions** 

**Goals/ Milestones for Progression** 

## **REFERENCES:**

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- 2. Chahal J, Bush-Joseph C.A., Chow A, et al. (2012) Clinical and magnetic resonance imaging outcomes after surgical repair of complete proximal hamstring ruptures: Does the tendon heal? *The American Journal of Sports Medicine*.
- 3. Ohio State University Sports Medicine. (2012) Proximal Hamstring Avulsion Repair Rehabilitation Guidelines
- 4. Tsaklis, P., Malliaropoulos, N., & Mendiguchia, J. (2015, June). Muscle and intensity based hamstring exercise classification in elite female track and field athletes: Implications for exercise selection during rehabilitation. *Open Access Journal of Sports Medicine*, 209-217. University of Wisconsin Sports Medicine. (2010) Rehab Guidelines Following Proximal Hamstring Primary Repair
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<sup>\*\*</sup>NOTE: Progression of functional activities should be performed only as pain and proper biomechanics allow. Emphasis should be on proper shock absorption and control of dynamic valgus stress at knee (hip medial rotation with knee valgus) with each task performed. Progression to single limb based tasks (deceleration, hopping, and cutting) should not be performed until double limb activities have been mastered. Activities requiring dynamic control of rotational stress at the knee (cutting, multiple plane lunges/jumps/hops) should not be performed until sagittal and frontal plane control has been mastered. Return to sport may occur at any time during this stage as cleared by physician and as progress and goal achievement occurs.